MHBE Health Equity Workgroup

Session 4 – October 8, 2021



Agenda

1:00 - 1:10 | Welcome Dania Palanker, co-chair Sheila Woodhouse, co-chair

1:10 – 1:15 | Vote on Session 3 Minutes *All members*

1:15 - 1:30 | Insurer Presentation: Health Equity at Kaiser Permanente Stacey Shapiro, MPH, RD, CPHQ, Director of Population Care Management, Mid-Atlantic Permanente Medical Group

1:30 - 1:45 | Discussion *All members*

1:45 - 1:55 | Overview of Health Insurance Literacy Research and HIL Efforts at MHBE *Johanna Fabian-Marks, Director of Policy and Plan Management*

1:55 - 2:25 | Discussion All members

2:25 - 2:30 | Public Comment

2:30 | Adjournment



Session 3 Minutes

Kaiser Permanente of the Mid-Atlantic States Health Equity

Stacey Shapiro, MPH, RD, CPHQ Senior Director, Population Care Management Mid-Atlantic Permanente Medical Group

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KPMAS Strategy for Health Equity

1Equity, inclusion, and diversity3Community health2Clinical quality improvement4Workforce

Health Equity is incorporated into all facets of Kaiser Permanente of the Mid-Atlantic States

Equity, Inclusion, and Diversity Mission Leadership	Care Delivery Clinical quality Data collection Disparity reduction Quality improvement	•	Community Health National Local	•	Workforce Physicians Staff
	•	•		•	

Accolades













Dedication to Health Equity



Members of racial, ethnic, and cultural minorities

67% of workforce



Joint investments and grant funding to address systemic racism







DiversityInc Top 50 Companies for Diversity



Health Insurance Literacy (HIL) Research

- About half of adults in the U.S. report that their HIL is inadequate and confidence in using their insurance to access health care is low (Edward et al, 2019)
- There are disparities in HIL: racial/ethnic, socioeconomic, insured vs. uninsured (Edward et al, 2019; Villagra et al, 2019)
 - Black and Hispanic enrollees answered 53% and 50% correct on HIL knowledge test; white enrollees answered 74% correct (Villagra et al, 2019)
- Studies show:
 - Higher HIL is associated with greater primary care and preventive services utilization
 - Lower HIL is associated with higher likelihood of delaying or avoiding care (Yagi et al, 2021)

Villagra, Victor, et al., Health Insurance Literacy: Disparities by Race, Ethnicity, and Language Preference, American Journal of Managed Care Volume 25, Issue 3, March 2019, https://www.aimc.com/view/health-insurance-literacy-disparities-by-race-ethnicity-and-language-preference. Yagi, Brian, et al., Association of Health Insurance Literacy with Health Care Utilization: a Systematic Review, Journal of General Internal Medicine, May 2021 https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/s11606-021-06819-0.



Edward, Jean, et al., Significant Disparities Exist in Consumer Health Insurance Literacy: Implications for Health Care Reform, Health Literacy Research and Practice Volume 3, Issue 4, November 2019, https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC6831506/.

MHBE Health Insurance Literacy Efforts

- Preventive service email reminders (sample on next slide)
 - Age 40: ask your doctor about a mammogram
 - Age 50: mammogram, colonoscopy, shingles vaccine
 - Sent in preferred language (English/Spanish)
- Decision support tools on MHC website
 - Provider directory search
 - Drug search
 - Flora (MHC chatbot)
 - Cost calculator



maryland health

Dear [[FirstName]] [[LastName]] ,

Happy Birthday! If you or someone in your household is turning 50, remember to schedule your mammogram today.

What is a mammogram?

A mammogram is an X-ray picture of the breast to test for cancer.

How much does a mammogram cost?

It's free! Maryland Health Connection plans cover preventive screenings for free. It is available at no extra cost, even if you haven't met your yearly deductible.

How often should I get a mammogram? Women ages 50-74 should usually get a mammogram every two years.

Take care of yourself and your loved ones by using your health coverage!

Sincerely,

Maryland Health Connection

Read more information about mammograms from the American Cancer Society.



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View All Details	Important Notices	Find a Doctor	Drug Search	Total Cost Estimat 🗸	10

United Balance Gold Free Primary Care			METAL LEVEL: QUALITY RATING: Detail		
ESTIMATED MONTHLY PREMIUM () \$1.00 Price after estimated \$255,46 tax credit	ANNUAL DEDUCTIBLE \$3000 per person \$6000 per group	ANNUAL OUT-OF-POCKET MAX () \$8550 per person \$17100 per group	PRIMARY CARE CO-PAY O No Charge	URGENT CARE CENTER 0 \$50.00 Copay	H.S.A.Qualified
YOUR TOTAL YEARLY COS	T ESTIMATE 0 \$15	per household (Selec	t the "Edit Health Care U	se" button to change the ye	arly cost estimate.)
Find a Doctor	Important Plan I	nformation Plan Cos	sts & Benefits		Drug Searc



Discussion

Discussion Questions

- Questions?
- About which benefits/coverage-related topics have you observed the most confusion among beneficiaries/patients in your work?
- What do you think MHBE or insurers could do to help reduce benefits/coverage-related confusion?
- Do MHBE and insurers engage in any practices that make benefits more complex for beneficiaries to understand?
 - If so, what?
 - Could those practices be changed?



Public Comment

Next Steps

Next meeting: Friday, October 22, 1 - 2:30 PM

Workgroup Webpage

MHBE Staff Contacts

Becca Lane: becca.lane@maryland.gov

Johanna Fabian-Marks: johanna.fabian-marks@maryland.gov



Appendix

Plan Certification and Affordability Initiatives

Value Plan Standards

 Diabetes disproportionately affects people of color in Maryland. For PY 2022, MHBE worked to better support Maryland's diabetes initiatives by requiring silver and gold value plans to offer diabetes supplies without cost sharing

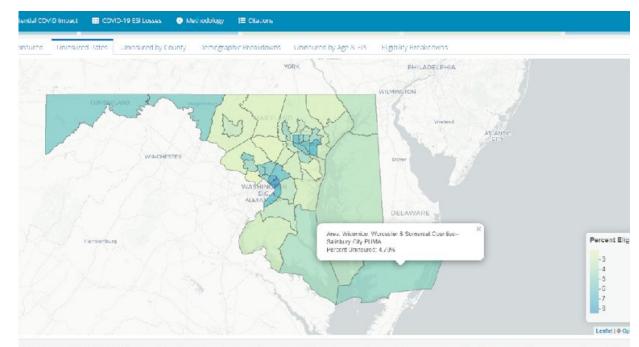
Young Adult Subsidy

 Black and Hispanic young adults in Maryland are 2x-3x more likely to be uninsured than White young adults



MHBE Uninsured Dashboard

Interactive MHBE Uninsured Dashboard available at: <u>https://www.marylandhbe.com/wp-c</u> <u>ontent/docs/COVID_Uninsured_Ana</u> <u>lysis_Dashboard_April2021.html</u>

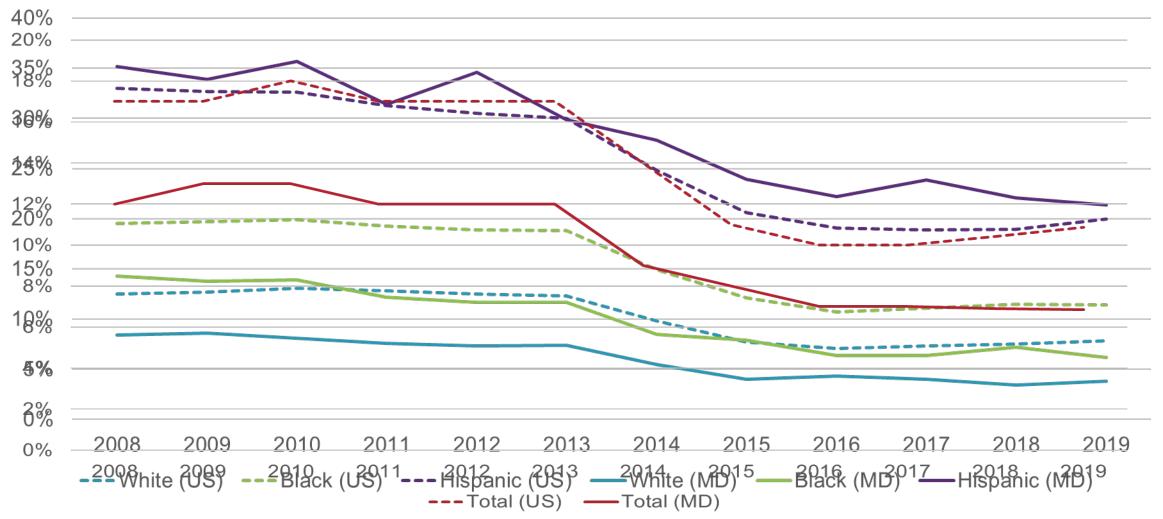


C Eligible" and "Eligible Uninsured" estimates exclude undocumented immigrants because they are not eligible to enroll in coverage through Ma tatewide estimates include some best-estimate assumptions not applied at the sub-state level. See Methodology for detail.



Enrollment by Race & Ethnicity

Percent Uninsured by Race and Ethnicity, MD and US



Data from Kaiser Family Foundation, Uninsured Rates for the Nonelderly by Race/Ethnicity, https://www.kff.org/uninsured/state-indicator/nonelderly-uninsured-rate-by-raceethnicity



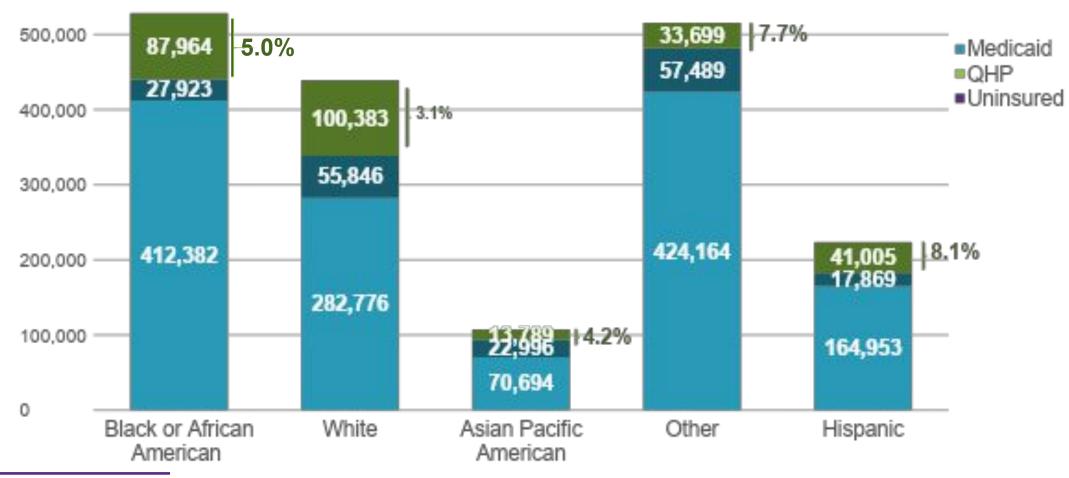
MHBE Medicaid Enrollment, QHP Enrollment, and Uninsured by Race and Ethnicity

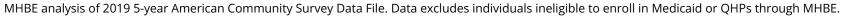
600.000 -

MARYLAND

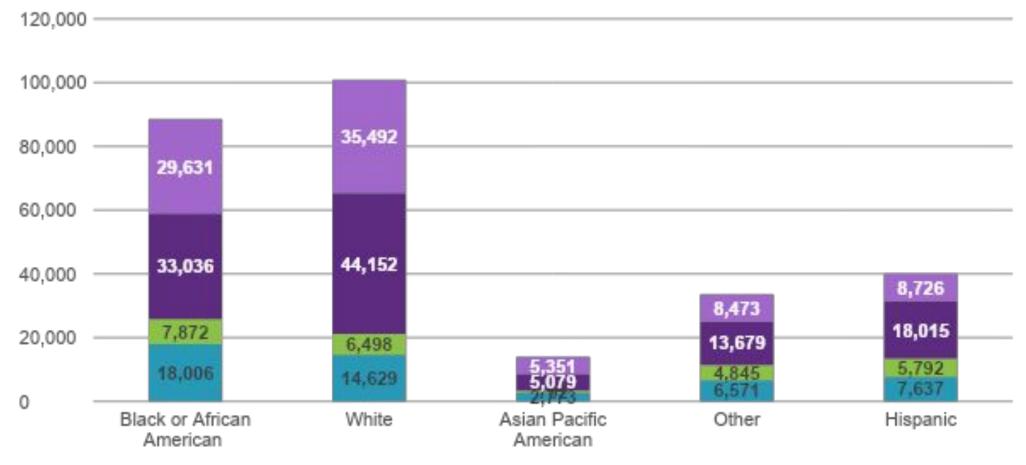
HEALTHBENEFII

EXCHANGE





Uninsured by Eligibility for Financial Assistance, by Race and Ethnicity



Medicaid Children - MA or QHP <400% FPL QHP <400% FPL QHP >400% FPL



MHBE analysis of 2019 5-year American Community Survey Data File. Data excludes individuals ineligible to enroll in Medicaid or QHPs through MHBE.

MHBE 101 – Overview

- MHBE is a state-based health insurance marketplace/exchange launched in 2014
 - Operates the Maryland Health Connection enrollment platform (website, app, call center)
 - Serves most Medicaid enrollees (1.2M) and legally present people in the individual market (165,000 - no affordable employer coverage, ineligible for Medicaid/Medicare)
 - Only source of financial assistance for people in the individual market: federal subsidies to cap
 premiums at 0%-8.5% of income and reduce cost-sharing for low-income individuals, state
 premium assistance for young adulrts
- MHBE authority/scope includes:
 - Conducting outreach and enrollment activities, overseeing the Navigator program
 - Enhancing MHC to improve the enrollment experience
 - Setting plan certification standards for individual market plans sold through MHC. Plan certification standards can encompass features such as plan design (e.g. covering certain services pre-deductible) and information provided to consumers (e.g., giving MHBE provider network data so we can offer an integrated provider directory during plan shopping)
 - Administering the reinsurance program and young adult subsidy program



MHBE 101 - Purposes of the Exchange

(c) Purpose. -- The purposes of the Exchange are to:

(1) reduce the number of uninsured in the State;

(2) facilitate the purchase and sale of qualified health plans in the individual market in the State by providing a transparent marketplace;

(3) assist qualified employers in the State in facilitating the enrollment of their employees in qualified health plans in the small group market in the State and in accessing small business tax credits;

(4) assist individuals in accessing public programs, premium tax credits, and cost-sharing reductions; and

(5) supplement the individual and small group insurance markets outside of the Exchange.

Insurance Article 31-102 Annotated Code of Maryland, Maryland Health Benefit Exchange



MHBE 101 – General Powers of the Board/Guardrails

- The Board can take "any lawful action that the Board determines is necessary or convenient to carry out the functions authorized by the Affordable Care Act and consistent with the purposes of the Exchange."
- The powers of the Board cannot supersede the "authority of the Commissioner to regulate business in the State" or the requirements of the ACA.

Insurance Article sections 31-102(d)(1); 31-106 (b) Annotated Code of Maryland



Eligibility & Immigration Status

- Maryland is home to an estimated:
 - 244,693 total undocumented individuals
 - 115,856 **uninsured** undocumented individuals
- MHBE is working on a report on coverage options for undocumented immigrants, as requested by the legislature
 - Staff will notify workgroup members about upcoming briefings
- Resources:
 - <u>Enrollment and Eligibility Information for Immigrant Families</u> (MHC)
 - UNDERSTANDING IMMIGRATION STATUS UNDER THE ACA (MDH)
 - Immigration Fast Facts (CMS)



Eligibility & Immigration Status

Immigration statuses eligible for Individual Marketplace coverage:

- Qualified immigrants under the "5-year bar" (also eligible for APTC)
 - 5-year bar: otherwise-qualified immigrants must be lawfully present for 5 years before they are eligible for Medicaid (with some exceptions)
- Immigrants exempt from 5-year bar
 - Children, pregnant women, asylees, refugees, etc.
- Lawfully residing non-qualified immigrants / individuals with valid nonimmigrant status
 - Student/work visas, temporary resident status, pending application for asylum, etc.

Not eligible for Marketplace coverage:

- Undocumented immigrants
- DACA recipients (<u>7.560 in MD</u>)

Financial assistance eligibility:

- Lawfully present immigrants with income between 138% and 400% FPL
- Qualified immigrants under the 5-year bar with income up to 400% FPL

